

The Daily Gazetteer.

SATURDAY, APRIL 26. 1740.

N^o. 1512.

To the DAILY GAZETTEER.



SIR,

YOU are desir'd to reprint the Gazetteer of Tuesday, March the 25th; First, Because the Author of the Paper called *Common Sense* has this Day undertaken to give an Answer to it; and therefore it will be proper the Charge and the Answer should be read together. Secondly,

Because he triumphs very much upon a Passage in one of the Gazetteers, subscrib'd *Freeman*, which seems to accuse the Author of that Paper of the 25th of March of Ill-Manners and Want of Decency towards this illustrious Person that writes *Common Sense*; and therefore it was thought necessary to let this honest Irish Papist know, that we are not to be dissuaded either by the wise Reasoning of Mr. *Freeman*, or to be deterr'd by the Abuse and Scurrility of the Fellow that writes *Common Sense*, from using such an infamous Mifcreant as he is, as he deserves, and as every one who reads the Queries at the End of the following Paper, and who knows that he has not given one Word of Answer to them, must acknowledge him to be. We shall once again, in a few Days, represent him in his proper Colours to the Publick; at the same time assuring him, that we will never leave him till his Infamy is as universally known, as if he had stood an Hour upon the Pillory at Charing-Cross, which it had not been for the extraordinary Lenity of that Government which he has so scandalously vilify'd and belld'd he had long since done.

ON the 29th of January last, there was a Paper published in the Gazetteer, wherein the Character, Principles, Morals, and Religion, of the Fellow that writes the Journal call'd *Common Sense*, were very fully and circumstantially set forth; to which he has not, in all this Time, thought fit to give one Word of Answer; but, on the contrary, has very prudently declin'd entering into a Controversy, which he is conscious to himself must, if he had engag'd in it, have made him appear to be the most infamous Mifcreant that ever took upon him the Office of an Incendiary, a Spy, or an Assassin; and it must be a great Pleasure to all honest and well-meaning Persons, who without entering into the Disputes of Parties, or the Contentions of Great Men for Power, have nothing at Heart but the true Interest of their Country, to find so impudent and execrable an Impostor unmask'd, and expos'd in his own proper Colours, to the View of the whole World; an Impostor that had set himself up for an Advocate for the People, and had pretended great Zeal and Devotion for the Liberties of our Country, while he was himself all the while an IRISH PAPIST, and an Emissary of Rome and the Pretender. This seasonable and useful Discovery has had its Effect; for the Writer being known, the Paper is universally abhorr'd and rejected. And indeed who, without the highest Indignation, could take into his hands a Paper, writ by an IRISH PAPIST, in Defence of Liberty, and upon the Principles of the Revolution?

But notwithstanding this Fellow's Principles and Practices have been so fully laid open, and so publickly made known, and that he stands in the Face of the whole World self-convicted and self condemn'd, he does the Impudence still to go on, in his old Way, of abusing the Government, the Parliament, and all those that have any Share in the Administration of Publick Affairs.

And as it is now near two Months ago since the Effieie of this Irish Popish Scribbler was hung out to the View of the Publick, and no Notice taken of it since in this Paper, he flatters himself that all the Charges charged upon him, rest in Silence and are forgotten; and, like a Thief, when the Hue and Cry is over, he begins now to peep abroad again, boasts of a good Reception his Paper has had among Persons of the best Taste in the Kingdom, of the great Service it has done the Nation; and pretends to value himself much upon what he calls the Abuse it has met with by those, whom he is pleased to say have pleaded openly for Slavery and Oppression.

Now, if Persons of the best Taste in the Kingdom have approved his Paper, what Sort of People must he make this Nation to be compos'd of? Why, most certainly, Savages as wild, as stupid, and as ignorant, as the Hottentots at the Cape of Good Hope, or the Raparoes that trot over the Bogs of Tipperary; for it is utterly impossible that any one Man of Common Sense in a Civiliz'd Nation, can read such Stuff as this Fellow Weekly pesters the Publick with, without being, in the highest Degree, nauseated with it; nothing but a Stomach that is used to feed only on Garbage and Raw Flesh can digest it.

As to the Service which he says his Paper has done the Publick, I admit that it has done great Service to the Publick; because it has been the Means of opening the Eyes of many well-meaning People, who can now plainly see the true Drift and Design of the present Opposition to the Ministry, by knowing what Sort of Fellows are engaged in it; and it cannot fail of giving all those that wish well to their Country, a very high Idea of this Tribe of Pretended Patriots, when they know that all these mighty Advocates for Liberty, chiefly consist of the very Scum and Refuse of all Nations, Professions, and Religions; Fellows that have b-ggar'd themselves by their Debaucheries in their Youth, and are oblig'd to turn Hackney Writers to support themselves in their Age; Libertines, Atheists, Scotch Presbyterian Jacobites, Romish Priests, and Irish Papists!

But this Writer of *Common Sense*, it seems, values himself most of all upon the Abuse which he pretends his Paper has met with, and which he boasts will redound to its Immortal Honour, because, he says, it has been from those that have pleaded openly for Slavery and Oppression.

If the Fellow means by Abuse, the just Chastisement he has receiv'd from any Writer in this Paper, for his Impudence, his Folly, his Impostures, and the various Masks and Disguises he has put on, to cheat and impose upon the Publick, he is certainly right; for 'tis very true, that he has received more Correction (which he very improperly calls Abuse) than any other Scribbler of the Times, because he has more richly deserv'd it. And I own 'tis an Honour for him to be taken notice of in any Way as a Writer, who, if he had his Deserts, ought to be taken notice of in no Way but as a Criminal, by the common Executioners of Justice. But whom he means by those that have pleaded openly for Slavery and Oppression, 'tis impossible to understand, without he means himself, when he wrote *Mist's* and *Fog's* Journals.

But notwithstanding all his Blustering and Vapouring, it is easy to see that he feels the Hook in his Mouth, and wants to get rid of it at any Rate. He is afraid to come to a close Engagement, and fairly to enter into the Merits of his Principles and Character; and therefore he endeavours to joke away (but very clumsily and very impudently) the Charge that has been exhibited against him in this Paper. He does not venture to mention any one Fact concerning himself, or to enter into any Kind of Defence of his own Character, because he has learnt so much Sense at least, as to know that Facts are stubborn Things, and can only be encounter'd by Facts; and, consequently, that they are Weapons too unwieldy for him to handle, and which, if he offer'd to make use of, he would be sure to be foil'd at; and therefore he very prudently contents himself with giving only distant Hints, and making remote Allusions to what relates to himself, puts on an awkward Air of Gaity, and then calls the being accused, in very plain and intelligible Terms, of being an IRISH PAPIST, of being the Writer of *MIST's* and *Fog's* Journals, of asserting an impudent notorious Falshood in Print, and other Matters, which will be summ'd up together in a proper Set of Queries at the End of this Paper, I say, he calls this plain, direct, short Charge, an Endeavour to frighten him with hard Words, and to overpower him with the superior Force of Noise and Bluster; and then triumphing as if he had gain'd a considerable Victory, and acquitted himself to the Satisfaction of the World, he has the Impudence to imagine that he can so far impose upon the common Sense of Mankind, as to turn the most known Truths, and Facts, which stand uncontroversed and unimpeach'd, into Ridicule, by forging a silly, scandalous and infamous Letter to himself, which he subscribes *Pissol*, and

which he fancies, no doubt, has a great deal of Humour in it, but which, in Truth, is such a Heap of low Trash and Ribaldry, that if he had set up the wild Irish Howl, it would have been full as much to his Purpose, and perhaps a more intelligible and less disagreeable Piece of Noise and Jargon. One thing only I can't help taking notice of in it, and that is, that in order to make it be thought that he is a Person of great Importance, he represents himself as having Applications made to him to write for the Ministry, with Offers of great Rewards for engaging his Pen in their Service; the direct Contrary of which, as I am told, is true; for, if I am rightly inform'd, this infamous Tool of Jacobitism, this vile Incendiary, this IRISH PAPIST, this Author of *Mist's* Journals, *Fog's* Journal, and *Common Sense*, has had the consummate Impudence to offer his Services to write for the Ministry; but was very wisely rejected with that proper Resentment and Indignation which would naturally arise in the Breast of every Man of common Sense and common Honesty upon such an Occasion. But the Patriots have got him, and his Pen no doubt will redound highly to the Honour and Interest of their Cause.

But that this Fellow may not think to amuse the World, and draw off their Attention from the Charge against himself, by being very impudent and very scurrilous to others, I shall again insert the Queries which were formerly published in this Paper, with the Addition of one or two more, that his Character and Principles may be seen at one View; and drawn together within such a Compass, that whenever this infamous Scribbler pretends to take upon him to be an Advocate for the People of England in general, or for the City of London in particular, or to declaim in Favour of Liberty, or abuse the Acts of the Legislature, or affront the Sacred Person of his Majesty, or revile the Measures of his Ministers, every one may remember, that the Person who pretends to do all this, is an IRISH PAPIST, one of the Spawn of that execrable Crew who perpetrated that horrid, and it is to be hoped never-to-be-forgotten, Massacre in Ireland, and murdered so many thousand Protestants, Men, Women and Children, in cold Blood!

QUERIES for the Consideration of the Author of the Paper call'd *Common Sense*.

1. Whether the Author of the Paper call'd *Common Sense* is not an IRISH PAPIST?
2. Whether he was not the Author of *Mist's* Journal?
3. Whether he was not the Author of *Fog's* Journal?
4. Whether, tho' he was the Author of both these Journals, he did not expressly assert in the first Paper that he publish'd under the Title of *Common Sense*, that He never appear'd in Print before?
5. Whether he is not a Common, Mercenary, Hackney Scribbler, who writes for Bread? and, Whether he has or ever had a Shilling in his Life, but what he got by carrying on that infamous Trade?
6. Whether he never did make any Application of any Kind or Nature whatever, to any Person or Persons whatever, to write for the Ministry?
7. Whether he never did, upon any Occasion, apply for any Favour whatever, by Letter or otherwise, to any Person of Distinction in the Ministry, even after he had most grossly and infamously abus'd that very Person in Print?
8. Whether such a Fellow as this, who is capable of acting so scandalous and execrable a Part as this, and who writes at one time *Jacobite Libels*, and expressly in Favour of the Pretender, and at other times pretends to write upon the Principles of Liberty and the Revolution, according to the different Situation and Circumstances of Affairs, must not be a most infamous Cheat and Impostor? and, Whether he can be considered in any other Light than as a Spy, and an Assassin?
9. If all these things are true of this Man, and he does not give a clear, full, and satisfactory Answer, to every Query here put to him, what Punishment in the Judgment of all impartial Men, must such a Mifcreant deserve?

FOREIGN PORTS.

Lisbon, April 9. N. S. On the 20th ult. arrived the Dauphin, Masson, from Havre de Grace; the



Shend Packet, Cooper, from Falmouth: On the 21st, the Brogdon, Hooper, from Carolina: On the 30th, the Hanover Packet, Osborn, from Falmouth. On the 20th sailed the Seahorse Man of War, Capt. Geland, on a Cruise, and the Samaritan, Lovell, for the Straights: And on the 29th, the Newcastle Man of War, Capt. Fox, for the North, and with her 11 Merchant-ships for different Places. No British Ship arrived or sail'd since the 30th past. Twenty-seven Sail arrived from Pernambuco, after 93 Days Passage, and the Remainder of the Fleet, about 10 Sail more, are hourly expected.

HOME PORTS.

Plymouth, April 22. This Day came in his Majesty's Ship the Mary Gally, from a Cruise. Wind blows at N. W.

Weymouth, April 23. Yesterday arrived the Union, Saumo, of and from Guernsey, with Wine and Fruit for this Place. Came to an Anchor in this Road, the Ann and Mary, Johnson, of Dunkirk, from London for Leghorn. Sail'd this Morning out of this Harbour, a Tender belonging to his Majesty's Ship, the Princess Amelia, with Deserters taken up at Dorchester. Wind S. W.

Dartmouth, April 22. This Day sail'd the Lucania, Rowel, of this Place for Newfoundland, and the Fidelia, Fox, of and from Whitehaven for Rotterdam. Wind N. N. E.

Poole, April 23. Came in the Swan, Baurne, from Cork; the George, Pear, the John and Ann, Rose, the Endeavour, Henning, the Henrietta, Taverner, the Hooper, Hooper, and the Richard and Martha, Everden, all from London. Sail'd the John, Edmonds, for Newfoundland. Several French Fishing-vessels have been lately seen hovering on our Coasts, and I am told some of them came within half a Mile of the Shoar.

Cornwall, April 23. Yesterday came in the Rebecca, Quea, from Bristol for Roan. Wind N. W.

Portsmouth, April 24. Wind N. E. Yesterday sailed from our Harbour to Spithead his Majesty's Ship the Buckingham of 70 Guns, and the Defiance of 60 Guns.

At the same Time sailed from Spithead his Majesty's Ship the Severn (of 30 Guns) Capt. Forbes, said to be gone with 21 Exports for Admiral Balchen; and in the Evening arrived at Spithead from the Mediterranean, but lost from Lisbon, his Majesty's Ship the Edinburgh of 70 Guns, Capt. Geddes; and the Yorkshire Molly, Bar, from Cork.

Dover, April 24. Last Night the Hope, a Dutch Ship of 500 Tons, Capt. Peter Claessen Fisher, from Cadix for Amsterdam, run on the Goodwin Sands: She was laden with Salt, Brandy, &c. The Captain and Crew saved themselves in their Boat and landed here. Arrived the James, Lefevre, from Guernsey.

Deal, April 24. Wind N. E. Remains the Molly, Ballentine; and the Dolphin, Hambley, for Guinea; the Resolution, Bewick, and the Hannah and Elizabeth, Jones, for Gibraltar; the Charming Molly, Davidson, for Dublin. Arrived the Expedition, Major, from South Barbary; and the Southampton, Salow, from Guernsey.

Gravesend, April 24. Passed by the Friend's Delight, Fellow, from Guernsey; the Agadier, Dobson, from Santa Cruz; the Margaret, Dillon, from South Carolina; the St. Jago Prize, Lloyd, from Portsmouth; the Vere, Horn, from Leghorn; the Drake, Archer, and the Lusitania, Birchley, from Gibraltar; and the Count Harrock, Montack, from Seville.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Liverpool, the Everton, Hall, from Amsterdam. At Bristol, the Henry, Tanner, from Jamaica; and the Martha, Friend, from Cape Fear.

At Madaira, the Love's Increase, Hewitt, from Limerick.

LONDON.

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships were pleas'd to put into Commission the Winchelsea, a 40 Gun Ship, and gave the Command thereof to Capt. Savage.

Likewise the Fox, a 20 Gun Ship, and gave the Command thereof to Capt. Harcourt Masters.

On Tuesday next his Majesty will go to the House of Peers with the usual State, and put an End to this Session of Parliament.

His Majesty has been pleas'd to appoint his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland to be Colonel of the Cold-stream Regiment of Guards, in the Room of the late Earl of Scarborough.

And Yesterday his Royal Highness his'd the King's Hand for the same, and receiv'd the Compliments of

the Nobility and likewise of the Officers of the Regiment on that Occasion.

All Orders are issued out in his Royal Highness's Name. And

To-morrow his Royal Highness will be presented to the said Regiment, the necessary Orders being given for that Purpose.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Duncannon and his Lady, Daughter to his Grace the Duke of Devonshire, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, arrived here from that Kingdom.

Four Men of War are order'd to be got ready with all Expedition, two of which are to carry each two Mortars of 15 Inches Diameter, and the other two each of 15 Inches Diameter.

A large Train of Artillery is order'd to be got ready with all Expedition.

Yesterday Samuel Wentworth, Esq; was married at Queen-square Chapel, to Mrs. Parker, Relict of the late Charles Parker, of Chelmsford in the County of Essex, Esq; a Lady of great Merit and Fortune.

At Spithead are his Majesty's Ships the Princess Caroline, Princess Amelia, and Boyne, each of 80 Guns; the Buckingham and Edinburgh, of 70 Guns; the Defiance, Centurion, Weymouth, and Tibury, of 60 Guns; the Newcastle of 30 Guns; and the Pearl of 40 Guns.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge	11 01	11 29

Bank Stock 199 1-4th. India 198 3-8ths. South Sea 98 1-half, 3-4ths. Old Annuity 113 5-8ths, 3-4ths. New ditto 110 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 101 to 1-8th. Seven per Cent. 108 7-8ths. Five per Cent. ditto 93 1-4th. Royal Assurance 87. London Assurance 11. African 10. India Bonds 41. 11s. Prem. Bank Circulation 41. 15s. Prem. Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 91. 7s. 6d. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchange Orders 102 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto 95 1-half. Million Bank 114 1-half. Equivalent 110 1-8th.

Hand-in-Hand Fire Office.

THE Directors give Notice, That a General Meeting of the Members of the said Society will be held at their Office in Angel-court on Snow-hill, on Thursday the 8th of May next, by 3 in the Afternoon: Where all who have insured are desired to be present.

This Day is Published,

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By **Abbe Fleury, Author of the Ecclesiastical History.** Translated from the French, and reformed for the Use of the Church of England. By a Clergyman.

Suffer the little Children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven. Mark 10: 14. Printed by James Bettenham, and sold by T. Cooper, at the Globe in Peter-neller-row.

The famous Monsieur Rollin gives this Character of it: "We cannot entertain too high an Idea of this excellent Book, nor use it too often; no more than we can admire too much the exquisite Taste of its pious learned Author, who, prompted merely by a religious Spirit and a tender Love for Children, applied himself particularly to the Study of their Genius and Capacity, defended to their Weaknesses, assisted their Infant-language, and flattered as it were with them."

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N. B. The Undertaker did at first propose, to close the Subscription at Lady-Day, 1740, but the late Severity of the Weather, and the Embargo on Shipping, having prevented till very lately, his distributing Proposals in Ireland, and the Parts beyond the Seas, he could not possibly have the Names of the Subscribers transmitted to him wishing that the Gentlemen as are inclined to encourage the Work, are desired to send in their Names, with the sum in money, viz. Three Guineas for the Small Paper, and Five Guineas for the Superfine Writing Paper, on or before the 1st Day of May next, when the whole Work will be put to Press, and delivered to the Subscribers on or before Lady-Day, 1741; and no more Copies will be printed on either of the Papers than Subscribers for.

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